

Industrial Lite-managed Ethernet Switch

IES-2050A User's Manual



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ORing Industrial Networking Corp.

4F., NO.3, Lane235, Baociao Rd.Sindian City,
Taipei County 23145 Taiwan, R.O.C.

Tel: + 886 2 2918 3036

Fax: + 886 2 2918 3084

Website: www.oring-networking.com

E-mail: support@oring-networking.com

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Getting to Know Your Switch

1.1 About the IES-2050A Lite-Managed Industrial Switch

The IES-2050A switch is cost-effective and powerful industrial switch with many features. The switch can work under wide temperature and dusty environment and humid condition. The IES-2050A switch can be managed by WEB and a useful Window Utility we called Open-Vision. Open-Vision is powerful network management software. With its friendly and powerful interface, you can easily configure multiple switches at the same time, and monitor switches' status

1.2 Software Features

- World's fastest Redundant Ethernet Ring : O-Ring (Recovery time < 10ms over 250 units connection)
- Supports Ring Coupling, Dual Homing over O-Ring and standard STP/RSTP
- Support fast recovery mode
- Easy-to-configure: Web / Windows utility
- Windows utility (Open-Vision) for network management

1.3 Hardware Features

- Wide Operating Temperature: -40 to 70°C
- Storage Temperature: -40 to 85°C
- Operating Humidity: 5% to 95%, non-condensing
- 10/100Base-T(X) Ethernet port

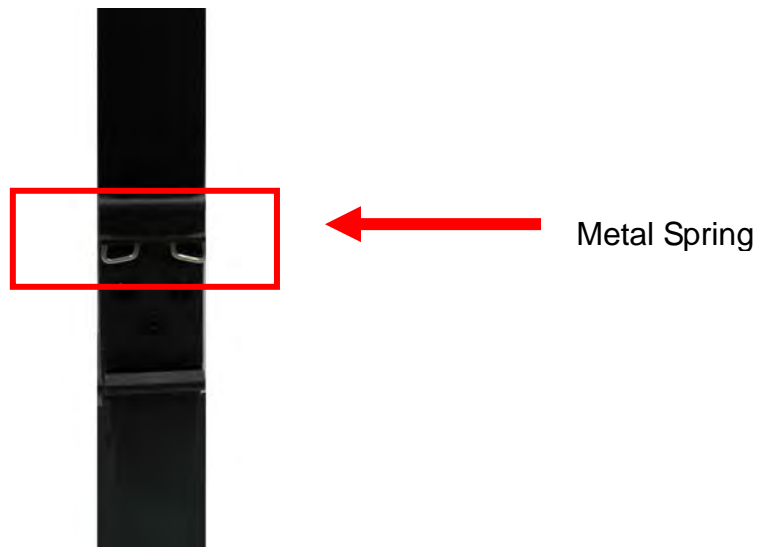
Hardware Installation

2.1 Installing Switch on DIN-Rail

Each switch has a DIN-Rail kit on rear panel. The DIN-Rail kit helps switch to fix on the DIN-Rail. It is easy to install the switch on the DIN-Rail:

2.1.1 Mount IES-2050A on DIN-Rail

Step 1: Slant the switch and mount the metal spring to DIN-Rail.



Step 2: Push the switch toward the DIN-Rail until you heard a “click” sound.

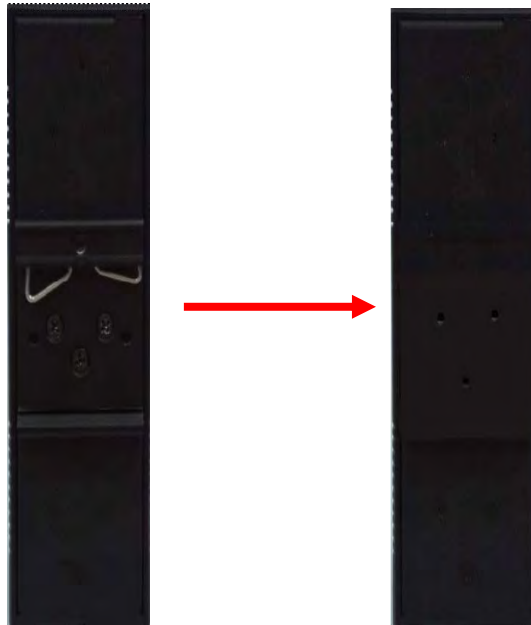


2.2 Wall Mounting Installation

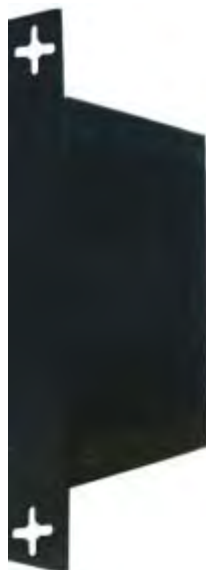
Each switch has another installation method for users to fix the switch. A wall mount panel can be found in the package. The following steps show how to mount the switch on the wall:

2.2.1 Mount IES-2050A on wall

Step 1: Remove DIN-Rail kit.



Step 2: Use 8 screws that can be found in the package to combine the wall mount panel. Just like the picture shows below:



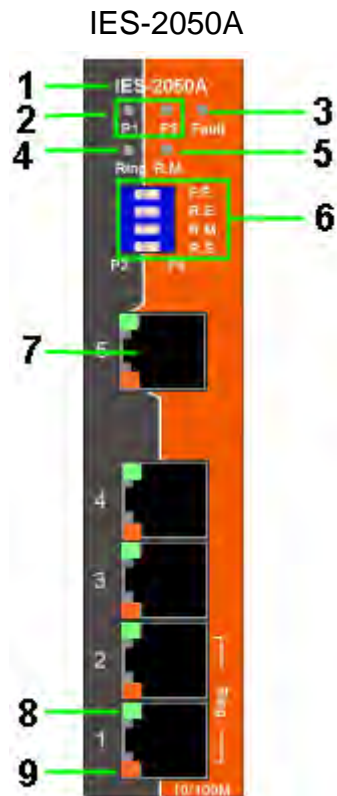


Hardware Overview

3.1 Front Panel

The following table describes the labels that stick on the IES-2050A

Port	Description
10/100 RJ-45 fast Ethernet ports	10/100Base-T(X) RJ-45 fast Ethernet ports support auto-negotiation. Default Setting : Speed: auto Duplex: auto Flow control : disable
Reset	Push reset button 2 to 3 seconds to reset the switch. Push reset button 5 second to reset the switch into Factory Default .



1. Model name
2. LED for Power1 & Power2 When the Power links, the green led will be light on
3. LED for Fault Relay. When the fault occurs, the amber LED will be light on.
4. LED for Ring. When the led light on, it means the O-Ring is activated.
5. LED for R.M (Ring master). When the LED light on, it means that the switch is the ring master of O-Ring.
6. Dip Switch setting when the Dip sett
 - P.F : Power fault
 - R.E : Ring Enable
 - R.M : Ring Master
 - R.S : Ring Select (P2 : Port2 and Port1, P5 : Port5 and Port1)
7. 10/100Base-T(X) Ethernet ports..
8. LED for Ethernet ports ACT status.
9. LED for Ethernet ports LINK status.

3.2 Front Panel LEDs

LED	Color	Status	Description
P1	Green	On	DC power module 1 activated.
P2	Green	On	DC power module 2 activated.
R.M	Green	On	O-Ring Master.
Ring	Green	Slowly blinking	O-Ring enabled.
			O-Ring topology has problem
		On	O-Ring work normally.
Fault	Amber	On	Fault relay. Power failure or Port down/fail.
10/100Base-T(X) Fast Ethernet ports			
LNK / ACT	Green	On	Port link up.
		Blinking	Data transmitted.
LINK	Amber	On	LINK LED

3.3 Bottom Panel

The bottom panel components of IES-2050A are showed as below:

Terminal block includes: PWR1, PWR2 (12-48V DC) and Relay output (1A@24VDC).



IES-2050A power connection

Cables

4.1 Ethernet Cables

The IES-2050A switch have standard Ethernet ports. According to the link type, the switch use CAT 3, 4, 5, 5e UTP cables to connect to any other network device (PCs, servers, switches, routers, or hubs). Please refer to the following table for cable specifications.

Cable Types and Specifications

Cable	Type	Max. Length	Connector
10BASE-T	Cat. 3, 4, 5 100-ohm	UTP 100 m (328 ft)	RJ-45
100BASE-TX	Cat. 5 100-ohm UTP	UTP 100 m (328 ft)	RJ-45

4.1.1 100BASE-TX/10BASE-T Pin Assignments

With 100BASE-TX/10BASE-T cable, pins 1 and 2 are used for transmitting data, and pins 3 and 6 are used for receiving data.

RJ-45 Pin Assignments

Pin Number	Assignment
1	TD+
2	TD-
3	RD+
4	Not used
5	Not used
6	RD-
7	Not used
8	Not used



The IES-2050A switch supports auto MDI/MDI-X operation. You can use a straight-through cable to connect PC and switch. The following table below shows the 10BASE-T/100BASE-TX MDI and MDI-X port pin outs.

MDI/MDI-X pins assignment

Pin Number	MDI port	MDI-X port
1	TD+(transmit)	RD+(receive)
2	TD-(transmit)	RD-(receive)
3	RD+(receive)	TD+(transmit)
4	Not used	Not used
5	Not used	Not used
6	RD-(receive)	TD-(transmit)
7	Not used	Not used
8	Not used	Not used

Note: “+” and “-” signs represent the polarity of the wires that make up each wire pair.

WEB Management



5.1 Configuration by Web Browser

This section introduces the configuration by Web browser.

5.1.1 About Web-based Management

An embedded HTML web site resides in flash memory on the CPU board. It contains advanced management features and allows you to manage the switch from anywhere on the network through a standard web browser such as Microsoft Internet Explorer.

The Web-Based Management function supports Internet Explorer 5.0 or later. It is based on Java Applets with an aim to reduce network bandwidth consumption, enhance access speed and present an easy viewing screen.

Note: By default, IE5.0 or later version does not allow Java Applets to open sockets. You need to explicitly modify the browser setting in order to enable Java Applets to use network ports.

Preparing for Web Management

The default value is as below:

IP Address: **192.168.10.1**

Subnet Mask: **255.255.255.0**

Default Gateway: **192.168.10.254**

User Name: **admin**

Password: **admin**

System Login

1. Launch the Internet Explorer.
2. Type http:// and the IP address of the switch. Press "**Enter**".

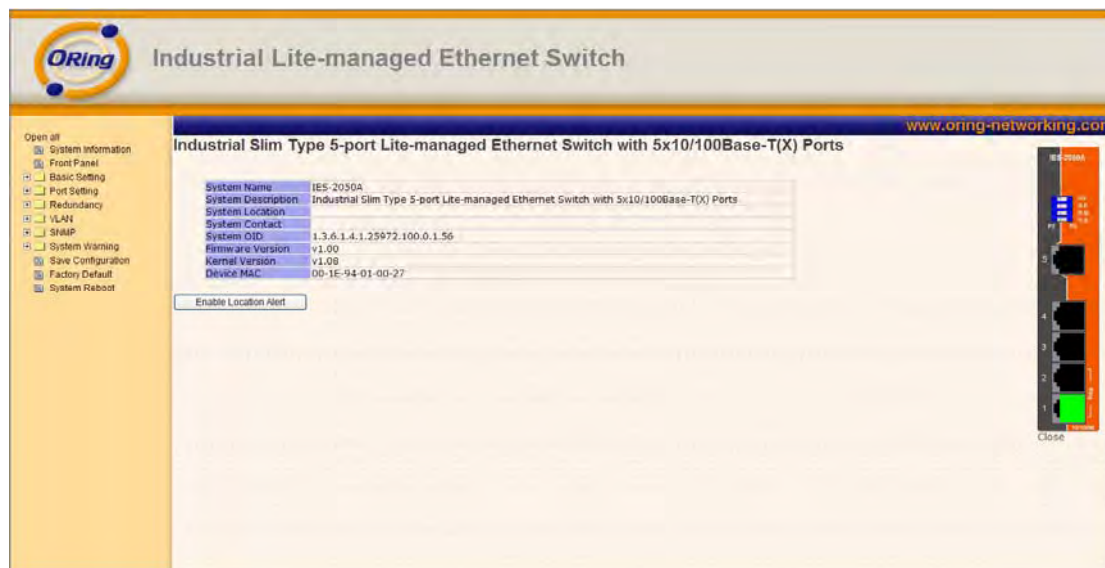


3. The login screen appears.
4. Key in the username and password. The default username and password is “admin”.
5. Click “Enter” or “OK” button, then the main interface of the Web-based management appears.



Login screen

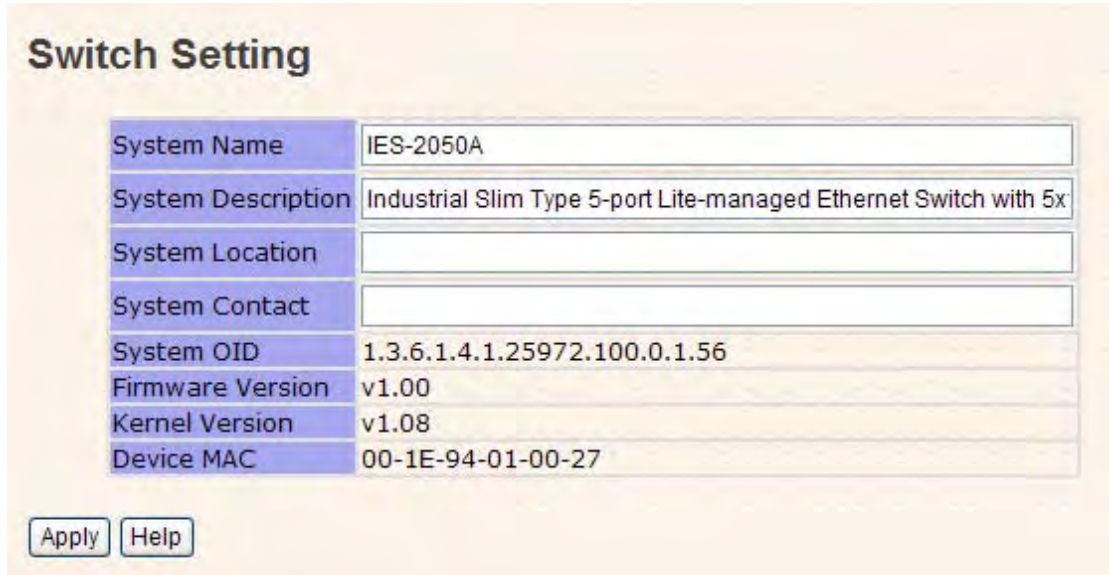
Main Interface



Main interface

5.1.2 Basic Setting

5.1.2.1 Switch setting



Switch Setting

System Name	IES-2050A
System Description	Industrial Slim Type 5-port Lite-managed Ethernet Switch with 5x
System Location	
System Contact	
System OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.25972.100.0.1.56
Firmware Version	v1.00
Kernel Version	v1.08
Device MAC	00-1E-94-01-00-27

Apply Help

Switch setting interface

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
System Name	Assign the name of switch. The maximum length is 64 bytes
System Description	Display the description of switch.
System Location	Assign the switch physical location. The maximum length is 64 bytes
System Contact	Enter the name of contact person or organization
Firmware Version	Display the switch's firmware version
Kernel Version	Display the kernel software version
MAC Address	Display the unique hardware address assigned by manufacturer (default)

5.1.2.2 Admin Password

Change web management login username and password for the management security issue



Admin Password interface

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
User name	Key in the new username (The default is “ admin ”)
New Password	Key in the new password (The default is “ admin ”)
Confirm password	Re-type the new password.
Apply	Click “ Apply ” to activate the configurations.

5.1.2.3 IP configuration

You can configure the IP Settings and DHCP client function through IP configuration.



IP Configuration interface

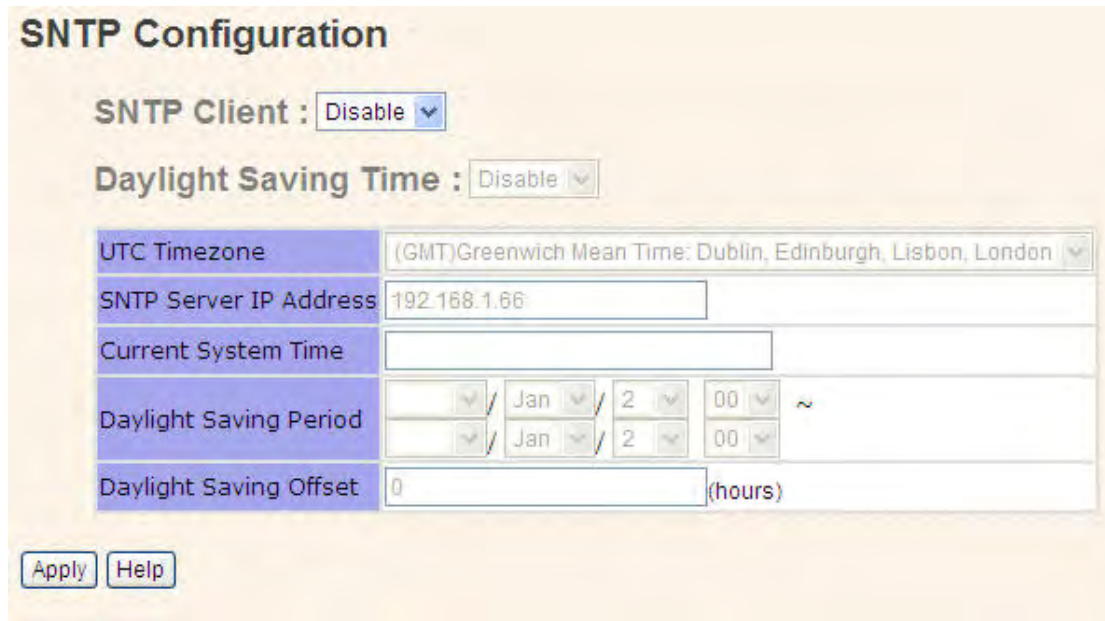


The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
DHCP Client	To enable or disable the DHCP client function. When DHCP client function is enabling, the switch will assign the IP address from the network DHCP server. The default IP address will be replaced by the IP address which the DHCP server has assigned. After clicking " Apply " button, a popup dialog will show up to inform you when the DHCP client is enabling. The current IP will lose and you should find the new IP on the DHCP server.
IP Address	Assign the IP address that the network is using. If DHCP client function is enabling, you do not need to assign the IP address. The network DHCP server will assign the IP address for the switch and it will be displayed in this column. The default IP is 192.168.10.1
Subnet Mask	Assign the subnet mask for the IP address. If DHCP client function is enabling, you do not need to assign the subnet mask.
Gateway	Assign the network gateway for the switch. The default gateway is 192.168.10.254
DNS1	Assign the primary DNS IP address
DNS2	Assign the secondary DNS IP address
Apply	Click " Apply " to activate the configurations.

5.1.2.4 SNTP Configuration

The SNTP (Simple Network Time Protocol) settings allow you to synchronize switch clocks in the Internet.



SNTP Configuration interface

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
SNTP Client	Enable or disable SNTP function to get the time from the SNTP server.
Daylight Saving Time	Enable or disable daylight saving time function. When daylight saving time is enabling, you need to configure the daylight saving time period.
UTC Time zone	Set the switch location time zone. The following table lists the different location time zone for your reference.

Local Time Zone	Conversion from UTC	Time at 12:00 UTC
November Time Zone	- 1 hour	11 am
Oscar Time Zone	-2 hours	10 am
ADT - Atlantic Daylight	-3 hours	9 am



AST - Atlantic Standard EDT - Eastern Daylight	-4 hours	8 am
EST - Eastern Standard CDT - Central Daylight	-5 hours	7 am
CST - Central Standard MDT - Mountain Daylight	-6 hours	6 am
MST - Mountain Standard PDT - Pacific Daylight	-7 hours	5 am
PST - Pacific Standard ADT - Alaskan Daylight	-8 hours	4 am
ALA - Alaskan Standard	-9 hours	3 am
HAW - Hawaiian Standard	-10 hours	2 am
Nome, Alaska	-11 hours	1 am
CET - Central European FWT - French Winter MET - Middle European MEWT - Middle European Winter SWT - Swedish Winter	+1 hour	1 pm
EET - Eastern European, USSR Zone 1	+2 hours	2 pm
BT - Baghdad, USSR Zone 2	+3 hours	3 pm
ZP4 - USSR Zone 3	+4 hours	4 pm
ZP5 - USSR Zone 4	+5 hours	5 pm
ZP6 - USSR Zone 5	+6 hours	6 pm
WAST - West Australian Standard	+7 hours	7 pm
CCT - China Coast, USSR Zone 7	+8 hours	8 pm
JST - Japan Standard, USSR Zone 8	+9 hours	9 pm
EAST - East Australian Standard GST Guam Standard, USSR Zone 9	+10 hours	10 pm

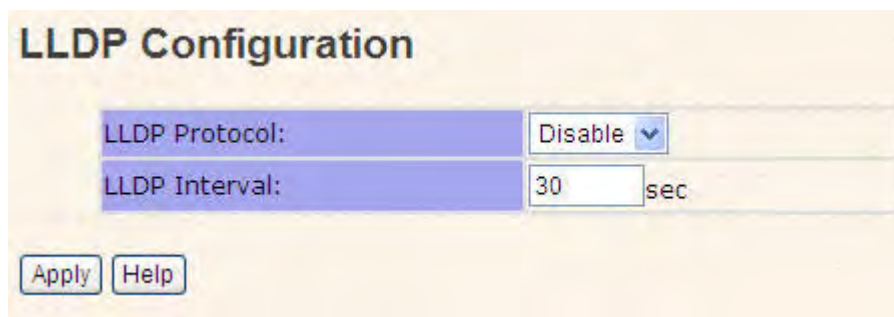
IDLE - International Date Line		
NZST - New Zealand Standard	+12 hours	Midnight
NZT - New Zealand		

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
SNTP Sever IP Address	Set the SNTP server IP address.
Daylight Saving Period	Set up the Daylight Saving beginning time and Daylight Saving ending time. Both will be different each year.
Daylight Saving Offset	Set up the offset time.
Switch Timer	Display the switch current time.
Apply	Click " Apply " to activate the configurations.

5.1.2.5 LLDP

LLDP (Link Layer Discovery Protocol) function allows the switch to advertise its information to other nodes on the network and store the information it discovers.



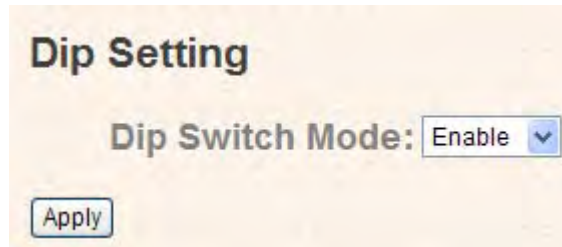
LLDP interface

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
LLDP Protocol	"Enable" or "Disable" LLDP function.
LLDP Interval	The interval of resend LLDP (by default at 30 seconds)
Apply	Click " Apply " to activate the configurations.
Help	Show help file.

5.1.2.6 Dip Setting

You can select Dip switch mode enable or disable



Dip setting interface

The following table describes the labels in this screen

Label	Description
Dip Switch Mode	Enable or disable Dip Switch control
Apply	Apply setting

5.1.2.7 Backup & Restore

You can save current EEPROM value of the switch to TFTP server, then go to the TFTP restore configuration page to restore the EEPROM value.



Backup & Restore interface

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
TFTP Server IP Address	Fill in the TFTP server IP
Restore File Name	Fill the file name.

Restore	Click " Restore " to restore the configurations.
Restore File Name	Fill the file name.
Restore	Click " Restore " to restore the configurations.
Backup	Click " Backup " to backup the configurations.

5.1.2.8 Upgrade Firmware

Upgrade Firmware allows you to update the switch firmware. Before updating, make sure you have your TFTP server ready and the firmware image is on the TFTP server.



Update Firmware interface

5.1.3 Port Configuration

5.1.3.1 Port Control

By this function, you can set the state, speed/duplex, flow control, and security of the port.



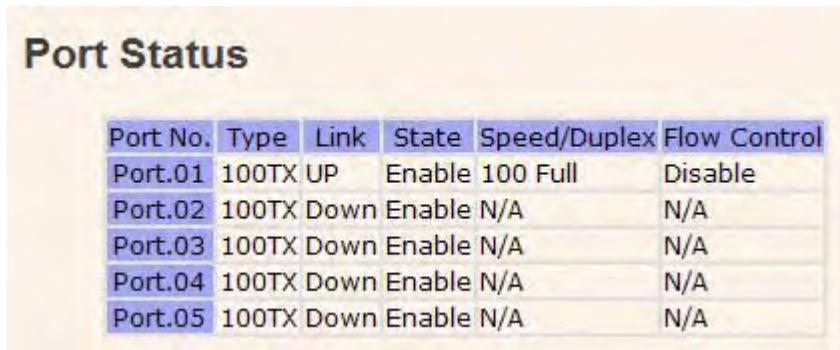
Port Control interface

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
Port NO.	Port number for setting.
State	Enable/Disable the port.
Speed/Duplex	You can set Auto-negotiation, 100 full,100 half,10 full,10 half mode.
Flow Control	Support symmetric and asymmetric mode to avoid packet loss when congestion occurred.
Apply	Click " Apply " to activate the configurations.

5.1.3.2 Port Status

The following information provides the current port status.



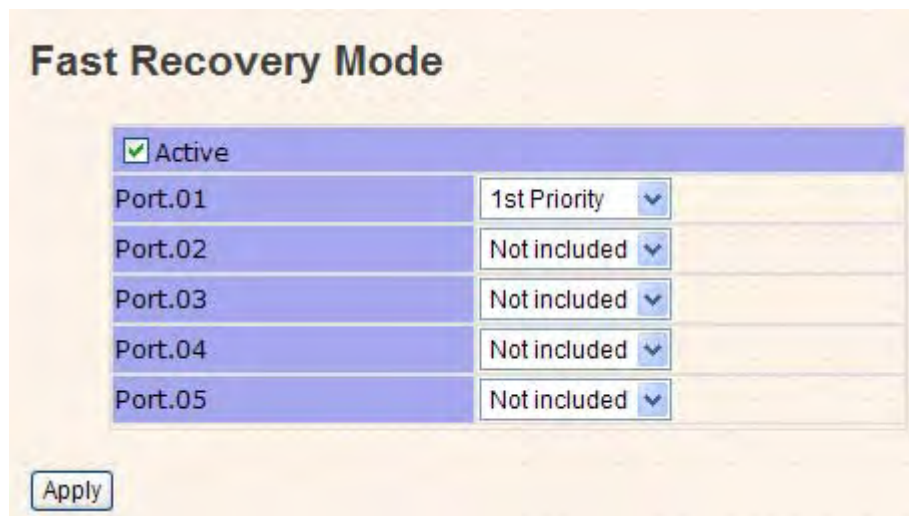
Port No.	Type	Link	State	Speed/Duplex	Flow Control
Port.01	100TX	UP	Enable	100 Full	Disable
Port.02	100TX	Down	Enable	N/A	N/A
Port.03	100TX	Down	Enable	N/A	N/A
Port.04	100TX	Down	Enable	N/A	N/A
Port.05	100TX	Down	Enable	N/A	N/A

Port Status interface

5.1.4 Redundancy

5.1.4.1 Fast Recovery Mode

The Fast Recovery Mode can be set to connect multiple ports to one or more switches. The IES-2050A with its fast recovery mode will provide redundant links. Fast Recovery mode supports 5 priorities, only the first priority will be the act port, the other ports configured with other priority will be the backup ports.



The screenshot shows a web interface titled "Fast Recovery Mode". At the top, there is a checkbox labeled "Active" which is checked. Below this is a table with five rows, each representing a port. The first row is "Port.01" with a dropdown menu set to "1st Priority". The other four rows are "Port.02", "Port.03", "Port.04", and "Port.05", each with a dropdown menu set to "Not included". At the bottom left of the interface is an "Apply" button.

Fast Recovery Mode interface


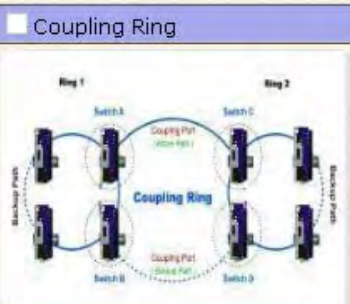
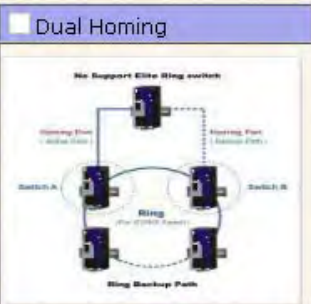
The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
Active	Activate the fast recovery mode.
port	Port can be configured as 5 priorities. Only the port with highest priority will be the active port. 1st Priority is the highest.
Apply	Click " Apply " to activate the configurations.

5.1.4.2 O-Ring

O-Ring is one of the most powerful Redundant Ring technology in the world. The recovery time of O-Ring is less than 10 ms over 250 units of connections. It can reduce unexpected malfunction caused by network topology change. O-Ring technology supports three Ring topologies for network redundancy: O-Ring, Coupling Ring and Dual Homing.

O-Ring

<input type="checkbox"/> O-Ring 	<input type="checkbox"/> Coupling Ring 	<input type="checkbox"/> Dual Homing 
Ring Master: Disable	Coupling Port: Port.03	Homing Port: Port.05
1st Ring Port: Port.01		
2nd Ring Port: Port.02		

Apply
Help

* Connect to other vendor's ring...

O-Ring interface

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
O-Ring	Mark to enable O-Ring.
Ring Master	There should be one and only one Ring Master in a ring. However if there are two or more switches which set Ring Master to enable, the switch with the lowest MAC address will be the actual Ring Master and others will be Backup Masters.
1st Ring Port	The primary port
2nd Ring Port	The backup port
Coupling Ring	Mark to enable Coupling Ring. Coupling Ring can be used to divide a big ring into two smaller rings to avoid effecting all switches when network topology change. It is a good application for connecting two O-Rings.
Coupling Port	Link to Coupling Port of the switch in another ring. Coupling

	Ring need four switch to build an active and a backup link. Set a port as coupling port. The coupled four ports of four switches will be run at active/backup mode.
Control Port	Link to Control Port of the switch of the same ring. Control Port used to transmit control signals.
Dual Homing	Mark to enable Dual Homing. By selecting Dual Homing mode, O-Ring will be connected to normal switches through two RSTP links (ex: backbone Switch). The two links work as active/backup mode, and connect each O-Ring to the normal switches in RSTP mode.
Apply	Click " Apply " to activate the configurations.

Note: We don't suggest you to set one switch as a Ring Master and a Coupling Ring at the same time due to heavy load.

5.1.4.3 Open-Ring

Open-Ring technology can be applied for other vendor's proprietary ring. Thus, you can add switches of ORing into the network constructed by other ring technology and enable Open-Ring to co-operate with other vendor's managed switch.

O-Ring

O-Ring

Coupling Ring

Dual Homing



Ring Master

1st Ring Port: Port.01

2nd Ring Port: Port.02



Coupling Port: Port.03



Homing Port: Port.05

* Connect to other vendor's ring...

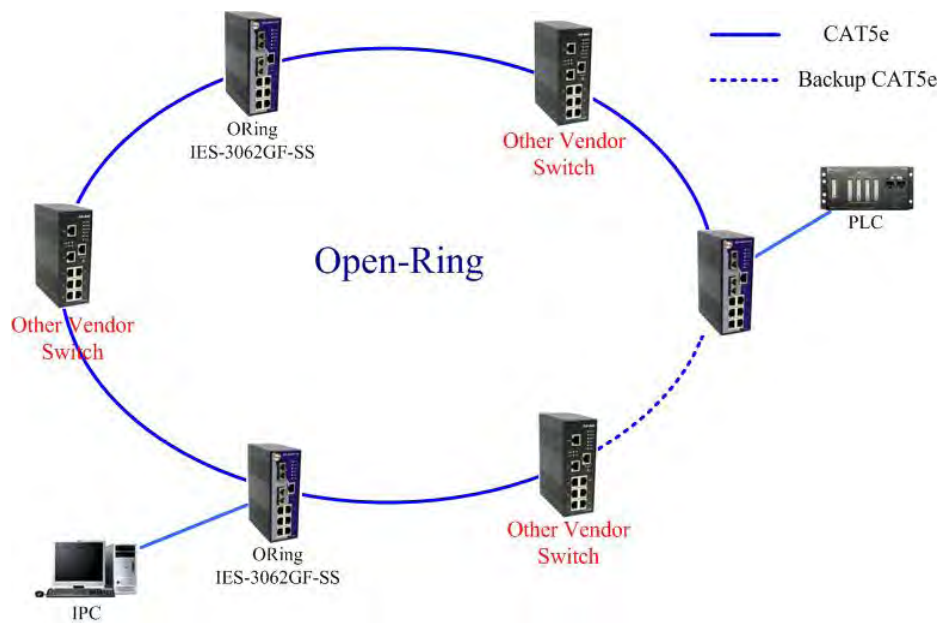
Click "Connect to other vendor's ring....." to join the ring constructed by other vendor.



Open-Ring interface

Label	Description
Enable	Enabling the Open-Ring function
Vender	Choosing the vendors that you want to join to their ring
1st Ring Port	Choosing the port which connect to the ring
2nd Ring Port	Choosing the port which connect to the ring

The application of Open-Ring is shown as below.



Open-Ring connection

5.1.4.4 RSTP

The Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP) is an evolution of the Spanning Tree Protocol. It provides faster spanning tree convergence after a topology change. The system also supports STP and the system will auto detect the connected device that is running STP or RSTP protocol.

RSTP setting

You can enable/disable the RSTP function, and set the parameters for each port.

RSTP Setting

RSTP Mode Disable ▾

Bridge Configuration

Priority (0-61440)	32768
Max Age Time(6-40)	20
Hello Time (1-10)	2
Forward Delay Time (4-30)	15

Port Configuration

Port	Path Cost (1-200000000)	Priority (0-240)	Admin P2P	Admin Edge	Admin Non STP
1	200000	128	Auto ▾	True ▾	False ▾
2	200000	128	Auto ▾	True ▾	False ▾
3	200000	128	Auto ▾	True ▾	False ▾
4	200000	128	Auto ▾	True ▾	False ▾
5	200000	128	Auto ▾	True ▾	False ▾

RSTP Setting interface

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
RSTP mode	You must enable or disable RSTP function before configuring the related parameters.
Priority (0-61440)	A value used to identify the root bridge. The bridge with the lowest value has the highest priority and is selected as the root. If the value changes, you must reboot the switch. The value



	must be multiple of 4096 according to the protocol standard rule.
Max Age (6-40)	The number of seconds a bridge waits without receiving Spanning-tree Protocol configuration messages before attempting a reconfiguration. Enter a value between 6 through 40.
Hello Time (1-10)	The time that controls switch sends out the BPDU packet to check RSTP current status. Enter a value between 1 through 10.
Forwarding Delay Time (4-30)	The number of seconds a port waits before changing from its Rapid Spanning-Tree Protocol learning and listening states to the forwarding state. Enter a value between 4 through 30.
Path Cost (1-200000000)	The cost of the path to the other bridge from this transmitting bridge at the specified port. Enter a number 1 through 200000000.
Priority (0-240)	Decide which port should be blocked by priority in LAN. Enter a number 0 through 240. The value of priority must be the multiple of 16
Admin P2P	Some of the rapid state transactions that are possible within RSTP are dependent upon whether the port concerned can only be connected to exactly one other bridge (i.e. It is served by a point-to-point LAN segment), or it can be connected to two or more bridges (i.e. It is served by a shared medium LAN segment). This function allows the P2P status of the link to be manipulated administratively. True means P2P enabling. False means P2P disabling.
Admin Edge	The port is directly connected to end stations, and it cannot create bridging loop in the network. To configure the port as an edge port, set the port to " True ".
Admin Non STP	The port includes the STP mathematic calculation. True is not including STP mathematic calculation. False is including the STP mathematic calculation.
Apply	Click " Apply " to activate the configurations.

NOTE: Follow the rule to configure the MAX Age, Hello Time, and Forward Delay Time:

$$2 \times (\text{Forward Delay Time value} - 1) \geq \text{Max Age value} \geq 2 \times (\text{Hello Time value} + 1)$$

RSTP Information

Show RSTP algorithm result at this table.

RSTP Information							
Root Bridge Information							
Bridge ID	0080001E94010027						
Root Priority	32768						
Root Port	Root						
Root Path Cost	0						
Max Age Time	20						
Hello Time	2						
Forward Delay Time	15						
Port Information							
Port	Path Cost	Port Priority	OperP2P	OperEdge	STP Neighbor	State	Role
Port.01	200000	128	True	True	False	Forwarding	Designated
Port.02	200000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled
Port.03	200000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled
Port.04	200000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled
Port.05	200000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled

RSTP Information interface

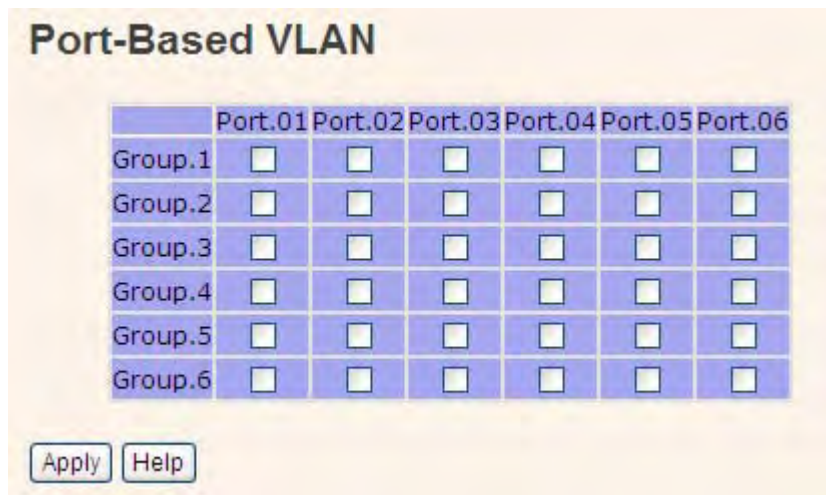
5.1.5 VLAN Configuration – Port Based

A Virtual LAN (VLAN) is a logical network grouping that limits the broadcast domain, which allows you to isolate network traffic. Only the members of the VLAN will receive traffic from the same members of VLAN. Basically, creating a VLAN from a switch is logically equivalent of reconnecting a group of network devices to another Layer 2 switch. However, all the network devices are still plugged into the same switch physically.

The switch supports port-based VLAN only.

Port Based

Packets can go among only members of the same VLAN group. Note all unselected ports are treated as belonging to another single VLAN. If the port-based VLAN enabled, the VLAN-tagging is ignored.



	Port.01	Port.02	Port.03	Port.04	Port.05	Port.06
Group.1	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Group.2	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Group.3	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Group.4	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Group.5	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Group.6	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Apply Help

VLAN Configuration – Port Based VLAN interface

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
Group	Mark the blank to assign the port into VLAN group.
Apply	Click “ Apply ” to activate the configurations.
Help	Show help file.

5.1.6 SNMP Configuration

Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) is the protocol developed to manage nodes (servers, workstations, routers, switches and hubs etc.) on an IP network. SNMP enables network administrators to manage network performance, find and solve network problems, and plan for network growth. Network management systems learn of problems by receiving traps or change notices from network devices implementing SNMP.

5.1.6.1 SNMP – Agent Setting

You can set SNMP agent related information by Agent Setting Function.



Community String	Privilege
public	Read Only
private	Read and Write
	Read Only
	Read Only

Apply Help

SNMP – Agent Setting interface

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
SNMP – Agent Setting	SNMP Community should be set for SNMP. Four sets of "Community String/Privilege" are supported. Each Community String is maximum 32 characters. Keep empty to remove this Community string.

5.1.6.2 SNMP –Trap Setting

A trap manager is a management station that receives traps, the system alerts generated by the switch. If no trap manager is defined, no traps will issue. Create a trap manager by entering the IP address of the station and a community string. To define management stations as trap manager and enter SNMP community strings and selects the SNMP version.



SNMP –Trap Setting interface

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
Server IP	The server IP address to receive Trap
Community	Community for authentication
Trap Version	Trap Version supports V1 and V2c.
Add	Add trap server profile.
Remove	Remove trap server profile.
Help	Show help file.

5.1.6.3 SNMP–SNMPV3 Setting

SNMP Management

Context Table

Context Name : Apply

User Profile

Current User Profiles :	New User Profile : Add Remove	
(none)	User ID:	<input type="text"/>
	Authentication Password:	<input type="text"/>
	Privacy Password:	<input type="text"/>

Group Table

Current Group content :	New Group Table: Add Remove	
(none)	Security Name (User ID):	<input type="text"/>
	Group Name:	<input type="text"/>

Access Table

Current Access Tables :	New Access Table : Add Remove																																			
<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse; font-size: small;"> <tr> <td style="width: 30%;">DefaultContextName</td> <td style="width: 10%;">DefaultGroupL3</td> <td style="width: 10%;">AuthPriv</td> <td style="width: 10%;">Exact</td> <td style="width: 10%;">DefaultViewL3</td> <td style="width: 10%;">DefaultViewL3</td> <td style="width: 10%;">DefaultViewL3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>DefaultContextName</td> <td>DefaultGroupL1</td> <td>AuthNoPriv</td> <td>Exact</td> <td>DefaultViewL3</td> <td>DefaultViewL3</td> <td>DefaultViewL3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>DefaultContextName</td> <td>DefaultGroupL0</td> <td>NoAuthNoPriv</td> <td>Exact</td> <td>DefaultViewL3</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </table>	DefaultContextName	DefaultGroupL3	AuthPriv	Exact	DefaultViewL3	DefaultViewL3	DefaultViewL3	DefaultContextName	DefaultGroupL1	AuthNoPriv	Exact	DefaultViewL3	DefaultViewL3	DefaultViewL3	DefaultContextName	DefaultGroupL0	NoAuthNoPriv	Exact	DefaultViewL3			<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td>Context Prefix:</td> <td><input type="text"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Group Name:</td> <td><input type="text"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Security Level:</td> <td> <input type="radio"/> NoAuthNoPriv. <input type="radio"/> AuthNoPriv. <input type="radio"/> AuthPriv. </td> </tr> <tr> <td>Context Match Rule</td> <td> <input type="radio"/> Exact <input type="radio"/> Prefix </td> </tr> <tr> <td>Read View Name:</td> <td><input type="text"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Write View Name:</td> <td><input type="text"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Notify View Name:</td> <td><input type="text"/></td> </tr> </table>	Context Prefix:	<input type="text"/>	Group Name:	<input type="text"/>	Security Level:	<input type="radio"/> NoAuthNoPriv. <input type="radio"/> AuthNoPriv. <input type="radio"/> AuthPriv.	Context Match Rule	<input type="radio"/> Exact <input type="radio"/> Prefix	Read View Name:	<input type="text"/>	Write View Name:	<input type="text"/>	Notify View Name:	<input type="text"/>
DefaultContextName	DefaultGroupL3	AuthPriv	Exact	DefaultViewL3	DefaultViewL3	DefaultViewL3																														
DefaultContextName	DefaultGroupL1	AuthNoPriv	Exact	DefaultViewL3	DefaultViewL3	DefaultViewL3																														
DefaultContextName	DefaultGroupL0	NoAuthNoPriv	Exact	DefaultViewL3																																
Context Prefix:	<input type="text"/>																																			
Group Name:	<input type="text"/>																																			
Security Level:	<input type="radio"/> NoAuthNoPriv. <input type="radio"/> AuthNoPriv. <input type="radio"/> AuthPriv.																																			
Context Match Rule	<input type="radio"/> Exact <input type="radio"/> Prefix																																			
Read View Name:	<input type="text"/>																																			
Write View Name:	<input type="text"/>																																			
Notify View Name:	<input type="text"/>																																			

MIBView Table

Current MIBTables :	New MIBView Table : Add Remove	
DefaultViewL3 1.3.6.1 Included	View Name:	<input type="text"/>
	SubOid-Tree:	<input type="text"/>
	Type:	<input type="radio"/> Excluded <input type="radio"/> Included

Note:
Any modification of SNMPv3 tables might cause MIB accessing rejection. Please take notice of the causality between the tables before you modify these tables.

The following table describes the labels in this screen

Label	Description
Context Table	Configure SNMP v3 context table. Assign the context name of context table. Click "Apply" to change context name
User Table	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Configure SNMP v3 user table. 2. User ID: set up the user name. 3. Authentication Password: set up the authentication password. 4. Privacy Password: set up the private password. 5. Click "Add" to add context name.



	<ol style="list-style-type: none">6. Click "Remove" to remove unwanted context name.
Group Table	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Configure SNMP v3 group table.2. Security Name (User ID): assign the user name that you have set up in user table.3. Group Name: set up the group name.4. Click "Add" to add context name.5. Click "Remove" to remove unwanted context name.
Access Table	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Configure SNMP v3 access table.2. Context Prefix: set up the context name.3. Group Name: set up the group.4. Security Level: select the access level.5. Context Match Rule: select the context match rule.6. Read View Name: set up the read view.7. Write View Name: set up the write view.8. Notify View Name: set up the notify view.9. Click "Add" to add context name.10. Click "Remove" to remove unwanted context name.
MIBview Table	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Configure MIB view table.2. ViewName: set up the name.3. Sub-Oid Tree: fill the Sub OID.4. Type: select the type – exclude or included.5. Click "Add" to add context name.6. Click "Remove" to remove unwanted context name.
Help	Show help file.

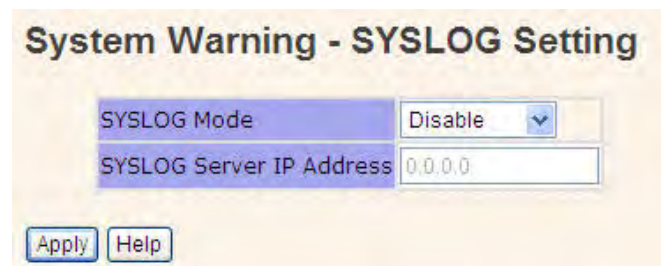
5.1.7.Warning

Warning function is very important for managing switch. You can manage switch by SYSLOG, E-MAIL, and Fault Relay. It helps you to monitor the switch status on remote site. When events occurred, the warning message will send to your appointed server, E-MAIL, or relay fault to switch panel.

5.1.7.1. SYSLOG Setting

The SYSLOG is a protocol to transmit event notification messages across networks.

Please refer to RFC 3164 - The BSD SYSLOG Protocol



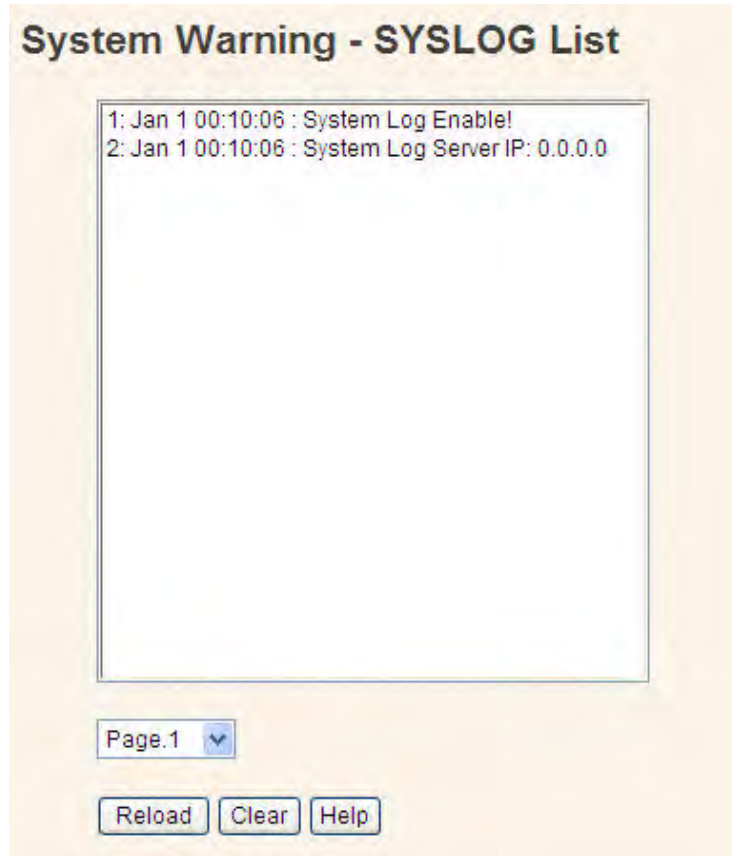
System Warning – SYSLOG Setting interface

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
SYSLOG Mode	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Disable: disable SYSLOG. ■ Client Only: log to local system. ■ Server Only: log to a remote SYSLOG server. ■ Both: log to both of local and remote server.
SYSLOG Server IP Address	The remote SYSLOG Server IP address.
Apply	Click " Apply " to activate the configurations.
Help	Show help file.

5.1.7.2. System Event LOG

If system log client is enabled, the system event logs will show in this table.



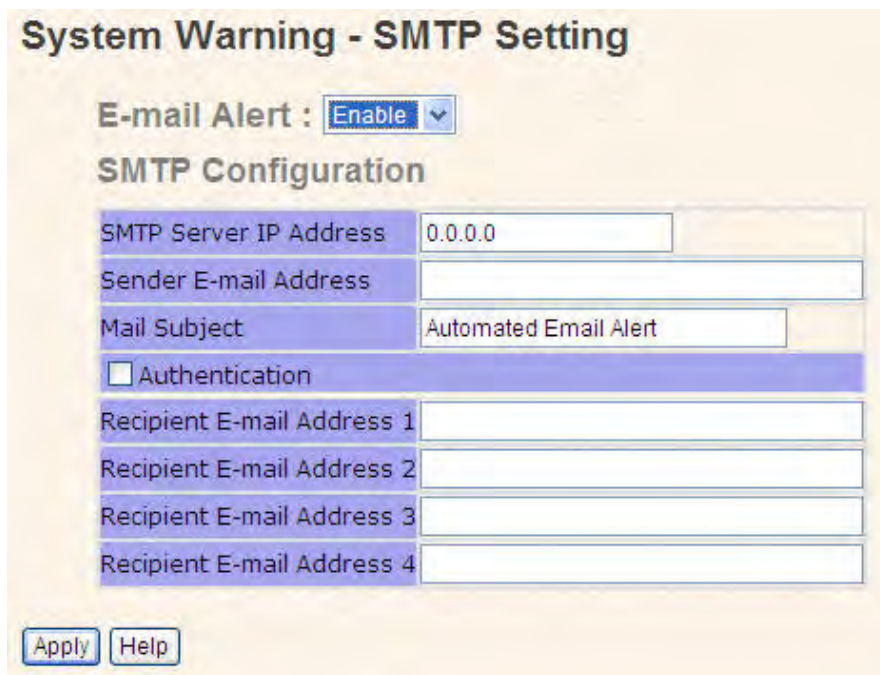
System event log interface

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
Page	Select LOG page.
Reload	To get the newest event logs and refresh this page.
Clear	Clear log.
Help	Show help file.

5.1.7.3. SMTP Setting

The SMTP is Short for Simple Mail Transfer Protocol. It is a protocol for e-mail transmission across the Internet. Please refer to RFC 821 - Simple Mail Transfer Protocol.



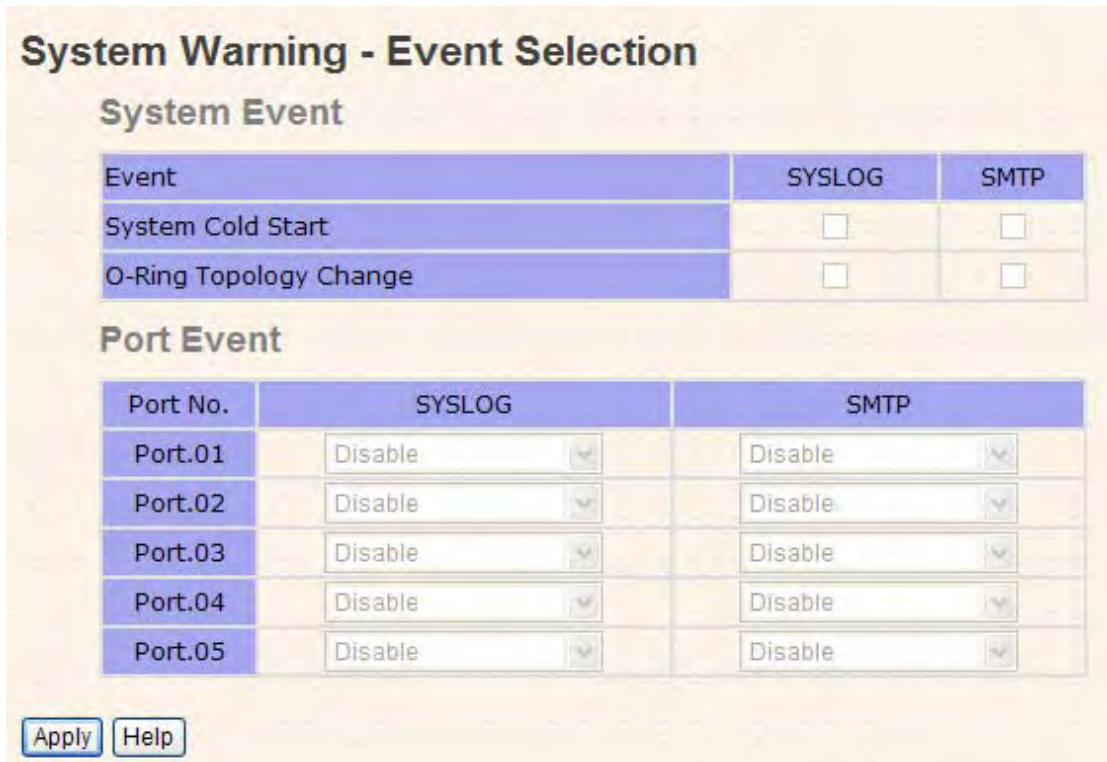
System Warning – SMTP Setting interface

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
E-mail Alarm	Enable/Disable transmission system warning events by e-mail.
Sender E-mail Address	The SMTP server IP address
Mail Subject	The Subject of the mail
Authentication	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Username: the authentication username. ■ Password: the authentication password. ■ Confirm Password: re-enter password.
Recipient E-mail Address	The recipient's E-mail address. It supports up to 6 recipients per mail.
Apply	Click " Apply " to activate the configurations.
Help	Show help file.

5.1.7.4. Even Selection

SYSLOG and SMTP are the two warning methods that supported by the system. Check the corresponding box to enable system event warning method you wish to choose. Please note that the checkbox can not be checked when SYSLOG or SMTP is disabled.



System Warning - Event Selection

System Event

Event	SYSLOG	SMTP
System Cold Start	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
O-Ring Topology Change	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Port Event

Port No.	SYSLOG	SMTP
Port.01	Disable	Disable
Port.02	Disable	Disable
Port.03	Disable	Disable
Port.04	Disable	Disable
Port.05	Disable	Disable

Apply Help

System Warning – Event Selection interface

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
System Event	
System Cold Start	Alert when system restart
O-Ring Topology Change	Alert when O-Ring topology change
Port Event	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Disable ■ Link Up ■ Link Down ■ Link Up & Link Down
Apply	Click " Apply " to activate the configurations.
Help	Show help file.

5.1.7.5. Fault Alarm

When any selected fault event is happened, the Fault LED in switch panel will light up and the electric relay will signal at the same time.



Fault alarm interface

5.1.8 Front Panel

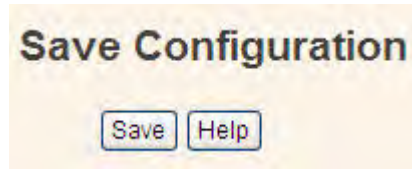
Show IES-2050A panel. Click “Close” to close panel on web.



Front panel interface

5.1.9 Save Configuration

If any configuration changed, “**Save Configuration**” should be clicked to save current configuration data into the permanent flash memory. Otherwise, the current configuration will be lost when power off or system reset.

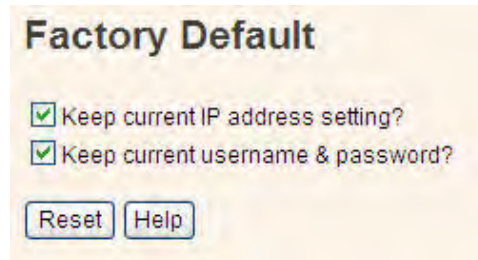


System Configuration interface

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
Save	Save all configurations.
Help	Show help file.

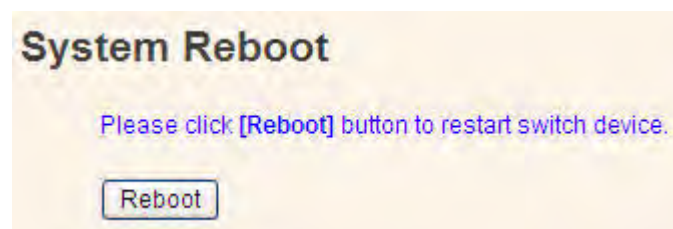
5.1.10 Factory Default



Factory Default interface

Reset switch to default configuration. Click **Reset** to reset all configurations to the default value. You can select “**Keep current IP address setting**” and “**Keep current username & password**” to prevent IP and username & password from default.

5.1.11 System Reboot



System Reboot interface



Technical Specifications

Technology	
Ethernet Standards	IEEE802.3 10BASE-T IEEE802.3u 100BASE-TX IEEE802.3x Flow Control and Back pressure IEEE802.1D Spanning tree protocol IEEE802.1w Rapid Spanning tree protocol IEEE802.1AB LLDP
MAC addresses	2048
Flow Control	IEEE 802.3x Flow Control and Back-pressure
VLAN	Port based
Processing	Store-and-Forward
Firmware upgrade	TFTP
Ring redundancy	RSTP O-Ring Open-Ring Fast recovery
Interface	
RJ45 Ports	10/100Base-T(X), Auto MDI/MDI-X
LED Indicators	Per Unit : Power x 2(Green) RJ45 Ports: Per Port : Link/Activity(Green/Blinking Green), Full LINK(Amber)
Power Requirements	
Power Input Voltage	PWR1/2: 12 ~ 48V DC in 6 pin Terminal block
Reverse Polarity Protection	Present
Power Consumption	4 Watts Max
Environmental	
Wide Operating Temperature	-40 to 70°C
Storage Temperature	-40 to 85°C
Operating Humidity	5% to 95%, non-condensing
Mechanical	
Dimensions (W x D x H)	26.1 mm (W) x 95 mm(D) x 144.3 mm(H)
Casing	IP-30 protection



Regulatory Approvals	
Regulatory Approvals	FCC Part 15, CISPER (EN55022) class A
EMS	EN61000-4-2 (ESD), EN61000-4-3 (RS), EN61000-4-4 (EFT), EN61000-4-5 (Surge), EN61000-4-6 (CS)
Shock	IEC 60068-2-27
Free Fall	IEC 60068-2-32
Vibration	IEC 60068-2-6
Warranty	5 years